

Conclusion

The results showed when the object imprinted with multiple frequencies (In this case the Amplified Bracelet) was introduced to a test participant's wrist they had increased power (resistance) and endurance (length of time maintaining resistance).

On average the amount of force it took to start the decline of the tests subjects arm (strength) between tests subjects among the 100 participants in group 1, 2 and 3 increased from "normal" state (with no bracelet) an average of 19.55 lbs increased on average 48.9% with the active frequency bracelet. A significant improvement in a large portion of the test subjects was recorded and every test subject recorded some increase regardless of the order that the test series was administered.

When comparing normal state with the introduction of the placebo an increase was also measured but it was significantly lower than the results of the active bracelet. The results show that while the placebo effect shows an increase in the amount of force necessary to make the arm decline (25.3% increase from normal), when the actual frequency imprinted object is introduced an average of 48.9% increase in strength was recorded. It is interesting that the placebo effect does make a 25% difference which would explain why some of the non frequency charged bands appear to work when in actuality it appears that in fact the wearers of some bands may be experiencing the placebo effect. In Group 3 of our test we specifically tested placebo bracelet against actual active bracelet and when wearing the active bracelet wearers showed ability on average to withstand almost 10 lbs more force and for a 45% longer time period. The endurance factor of the active bracelet was enormous over the placebo bracelet. Placebo showed very little improvement in endurance over the normal state.

In addition to the large gain in strength we saw a large increase in endurance as well. On average the length of time (endurance) between tests subjects among the 100 participants in group 1, 2 and 3 increased from an average of 1.61 seconds with no bracelet to 1.81 seconds with the placebo bracelet and to an even greater 2.5875 seconds with an active bracelet. The results show that while the placebo effect also shows an increase it is only a slight increase in the amount of time necessary to make the arm decline (12.42% increase) when the actual frequency is introduced an average of 60.8% increase in overall time was recorded.

The results show that among all the participants there was an increase in strength and endurance, not one showed a decline even among the groups that were administered the active frequency reps last. The frequency band showed that it is significantly effective at increasing strength and endurance. This study has shown short term benefits and has prompted further testing to be done on the potential long term benefits of introducing multiple frequency objects to a person's proximity. The fact that we were able to use accurate testing devices and protocols to show how the body reacts to minute frequency changes produced surprisingly positive instantaneous increases in strength and endurance.

See the supporting data in the attached Excel spreadsheet.